JICA’s Contribution to Health Sector

SDG’s Seminar
15th March, 2019

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Today’s Outline

1. JICA’s Three Pillars for SDGs
2. JICA’s Strategy towards SDGs
3. Key Priorities in Health sector
4. Strategy in Health sector
5. Good Practices
6. Health Projects in India
7. Tamil Nadu Urban Health Care Project
8. Gender Equality in Health
9. Japan’s Initiative in Health Sector
JICA’s 3 Pillars for SDGs

- Human security & Quality growth
- Experience in socio-economic development
- Innovation with Inclusive partners
JICA’s strategy towards SDGs

Utilizing Japan’s Experience

Innovations and Partnerships
Key Priorities in Health Sector

- Health System Strengthening
- Maternal and Child Health, Infection Diseases Control with focus on horizontal dimension
- New Challenge: Non-Communicable Diseases
JICA’s Strategy in Health Sector
Home-based records for maternal, new-born and child health (Boshi-Techo)

Mothers are not well-informed on child health due to lack of communication between health providers and mothers/caregivers

- Boshi-Techo project has been carried out **more than 25 countries** such as Ghana, Vietnam and Philippine.
- **10 million record books** have been distributed every year, improving care-seeking behaviours, maternal and child home care practices by establishing a good communication between health providers and women/caregivers
Advanced health services in Cambodia to ensure healthy lives for all at all ages

Lifestyle diseases such as strokes and traffic accident injuries are increasing in Asia along with the rapid economic growth.

The Emergency Life Saving Center Development Project launched in Cambodia with Japanese private companies under the JICA’s Private-Sector Investment Finance scheme.
Contribution by JICA in Health Sector

- Contributed in infection disease control
- Enhanced accessibility for the poor
- Families are well-informed in health
- Concept of the hospital management
JICA’s Health Projects – As of Present

The Project for the Improvement of Kalawati Saran Children’s Hospital (Delhi, 1995-1997, 1711 million yen) - Follow-up (2010-2011)

The Project for the Eradication of Poliomyelitis (through UNICEF) (High risk area, 1996-2010, 8331 million yen)

The Project for Construction of Diarrhoea Research and Control Centre (Kolkata, 2004, 2134 million yen)

Reproductive Health and Women’s Empowerment (MP State, 2005-2006, 31 million yen)

Reproductive Health Project in the State of Madhya Pradesh (Phase 2) (2007-2011, 320 million yen)

The Project for Prevention of Emerging Diarrhoeal Diseases in India (Kolkata, 1998-2003, 496 million yen)

The Project for Prevention of Diarrhoeal Diseases (Phase 2) (Kolkata, 2003-2008, 264 million yen)

The Project for Improvement of Medical Equipment for Sir JJ Hospital and Cama & Alfius Hospital (Mumbai, 2003, 444 million yen) - Follow-up (2010-2011)

The Project for Improvement of Medical Equipment for Institute of Child Health and Hospital for Children, Chennai in India (Chennai, 1997, 587 million yen)

The Project for Improvement of the Institute of Child Health and Hospital for Children, Chennai in India (Chennai, 2013-2016, 1490 million yen)

The Project for Improvement of Sarder Vallabhai Patel Post Graduate Institute of Pediatrics in the State of Orissa (Outbreak 2005, 640 million yen)

Tamil Nadu Urban Health Care Project: Ongoing ODA Loan Project, March 2016 (25.537 million JPY)
Institute of Child Health and Hospital in Chennai (Grant) 2016

- Construction of a new outpatient department (OPD) building
- Supply of medical equipment
- Better health care services especially for the children in low-income groups
- Contribution for medical education of ICH as a top referral hospital
Collaboration with UNICEF in Polio eradication

- Grant aid of 8.3 Billion JPY through UNICEF 1996 – 2012
- Procurement of polio vaccine and its vaccine campaigns
Tamil Nadu Urban Health Care Project

Project Profile:

Loan Agreement : 31st March 2016

Loan Amount: 25,537 Mil JPY

Project period: April 2016 - March 2023
Project site
Project Outline

**Goal:**
To improve the Health Care of the Population living in the urban areas of Tamil Nadu

*Contribution for ‘Universal Health Coverage’ in Tamil Nadu*

**Objective:**
- Strengthening the capacity of key hospitals with upgradation of facility and equipment.
- Reinforcing the capacity of human resource, thereby to contribute for coping with increasing demand for Non-communicable disease (NCD) prevention and control.
Lessons from past

- Hospital management
- User friendly facility
- Quality maintenance
- Capacity building & awareness
- Health system strengthened
- Community based quality institution
Hospital design workshop in Tamil Nadu
Gender equality in Health

- Address women’s specific health needs such as maternal health
- Improve accessibility to health services, particularly maternal/children hospitals
- Strengthened the capacity of the health personnel such as nurses, ANM(Auxiliary Nurse Midwife)s.
Reproductive Health Project in Madhya Pradesh 2007-2011

- Technical Cooperation Project in Sagar Division, MP
- Trainings for ANMs
- Improvement of workplace environment at the health facilities

Quality health services for mothers and new born babies by strengthening the capacity of the ANMs.
Japan’s Initiative in Health Sector

Memorandum of Cooperation in the field of Healthcare and Wellness between India-Japan

• Signed on 29-Oct 2018
• Toward Utilization of Technologies of Private Companies
  ✓ Centralized management healthcare distribution centre
  ✓ Improving access to hygienic/affordable toilets etc.
Thank you

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